THE
Caledonian Mercury

No 982. EDINBURGH, MONDAY, November 29. 1784.

This Day is published, in two vols. 12mo, price only 3s. sewed, and 4s. bound,

TITUS LIVIUS's ROMAN HISTORY,

THE FIRST SIX BOOKS—TRANSLATED INTO ENGLISH,
And illustrated with NOTES, Critical, Historical, and Geographical.
For the Use of Students in Humanity, &c.
By W. GORDON, Author of the Universal Accountant.

This Translation will be found very useful to those beginning to read the original of the Great Livy.

Printed for C. ELLIOT, Edinburgh, and G. ROBINSON, London.

Of whom may be had,

1. T. Livii Historia Romana, apud Ruddiman. 4 vols. 12mo, 12 s. bound.
2. Ruddiman's Rudiments of the Latin Tongue, the Nineteenth *Genuine Edition* corrected. Price 1 s. bound.
3. Ruddiman's Latin Grammar, New Edition, 8vo, 2 s. bound.
4. ——— Grammatical Exercises, adapted to the Rudiments, 1 s. bound.

STIRLING BANKING COMPANY.

THE DIRECTORS of the STIRLING BANKING-COMPANY think themselves incumbent on them to give this notice to the public,—That of late, some notes, dated at Stirling, and signed by Robert Belch and James Drysdale, have appeared, and probably may be artfully passed upon simple people, by some interested persons for notes of the said Banking Company, which must be considered not only as an imposition on the public, but also an injury done to the said Company. No public intimation of those concerned in the business has been given, nor of any bond of security to the public being lodged; but it is reported that the company for which Robert Belch acts, consists of a Country School-master near Glasgow, and a Farmer at Calder, who it is said has absconded. The business is in the hands of some boys who are minors, and not answerable for their transactions.

The Directors therefore give this notice to put people on their guard, and appoint their Cashier to get this advertisement inserted in the public papers, and to sign the same.

DAVID ROBERTSON, Cashier.

Stirling, 25th Nov. 1784.

AINSLIE and CAVERHILL,

Parliament-square, Edinburgh,

HAVE on hand, and continue to sell at the London prices, a very large Collection of PRINTS, by Bartolozzi, &c. &c.
Maps, Views, and Drawing Books of every kind,
Dissected Maps of Scotland, England, Europe, &c. &c.
Reave's much approved Water Colours.
Crayon, Lead, and Hair Pencils,
Indian Ink and Indian Rubber,
Stationary Wares of all kinds.

Just arrived, a very great assortment of fine Prints, among which are all the prints of Werter and Charlotte.

Also a great variety of NEW VIEWS.
And Cases of Mathematical Instruments, of all kinds.
Maps published by JOHN AINSLIE, viz.

	L.	s.	d.
Map of Fife and Kinross, from an actual survey, price	1	11	6
——— Selkirkshire, -	0	10	6
——— Galloway, -	1	1	0
——— the Roads of Scotland, -	0	2	0
——— Environs of Edinburgh,	0	5	0
Chart of the Coast from Saltcoats in Ayrshire to Whitehaven in England, -	0	10	6
Plan of Edinburgh, -	0	1	6
Geographical Game Map of Europe, with Boys Totum and Travellers, -	0	4	0
Ditto of Scotland, - -	0	3	0

*** Maps and plans mounted on canvas, in pocket cases, or upon rollers.

Estates surveyed, and plans expeditiously engraved.

TOBACCO.

TO be SOLD by public auction, upon Thursday the 2d of December next, within the Warehouses of ALLAN, STEUART, and CO. Merchants in Leith, SIX HOGSHEADS of *TOBACCO*.

Leith, 23d November 1784.

SUN RAISINS AND FIGS.

A Large quantity of RAISINS, of last year's growth, in whole, half, and quarter barrels, to be sold at 46 s. per cwt. They are of an exceeding good quality, and very fit for baking. Also, a quantity of very fine Figs, in small baskets, at 36 s. per cwt.

Orders for the above, addressed to Alexander Thomson, at his Warehouse, opposite to the City Guard, Edinburgh, will be punctually answered.

NEW RAISINS, &c.

JUST arrived from Malaga, in the Kitty and Peggy, George Skirven master, a cargo of NEW FRUITS, consisting of

Sun Raisins, Malaga or Lexia Raisins, Figs,	in quarter barrels.
Muscatell Raisins, Bloom Raisins, Jordan Almonds,	in small boxes.
White Wine Grapes,	in jars:
And Lemons,	in chests.

Apply to John Walker and Co. Edinburgh, or to David Liddell, at their Warehouse, Kirkgate, Leith.

DEALS.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 3d December, to begin at eleven o'clock forenoon, at John Jamison and Company's, in the Timber-bush, Leith.

The CARGO of the ship Salisbury, from Onega, consisting of FIR PLANK, of different lengths and thickness. To be put up in lots of about eighteen hundred reduced Deals, to 12 feet long, 11 inches broad, and 1¼ inch thick. They may be seen at any time, betwixt and the day of sale.

CROSS KEYS, KELSO,

NOVEMBER 9, 1784.

GEORGE HORSINGTON returns his sincere thanks to the Nobility, Gentry, and the Public in general, for the many favours conferred on him since Whitsunday last, and begs leave to inform them, that he has furnished that elegant and well-frequented house lately possessed by the deceased Mr John Waldie, in a neat and complete manner, for the reception of the Nobility, Gentry, and others; and that, for the better accommodation of the public, there are post-chaises, with good horses and careful drivers, kept at Mendrum Mill, in order to divide the long stage so justly complained of betwixt and Wooller Haugh-head, so that all who are pleased to honour him with their employment may depend on the most ready service in the way of travelling, and all their favours most gratefully acknowledged by their obedient and very humble servant, GEORGE HORSINGTON.

N. B. George Horsington begs to intimate to his friends and the public, that the Edinburgh and London Diligence, by way of Kelso, continues to set out every lawful day from Mr John Dumbreck's, Canongate, Edinburgh, and from Mrs Wilson's, the Crown and Thistle, Newcastle.

TEAS Wholesale and Retail.

JUST arrived in the original India chests, at the shop of JAMES FRASER, Tea-dealer, head of Forrester's Wynd, Lawn-market, Edinburgh,—A large CARGO of fine HIGH-FLAVOURED TEAS.—To be Sold on the lowest terms of any in this place.

N. B. To prevent doubts of the quality of those Teas, people of character may return the Tea, and get back their money, if not approved of, upon trial.

Commissions carefully executed.—Good LUMP SUGAR, with Tea, in whole lumps, at 7½ d. per lib.—Good allowance to retailers who take quantities.—OLD AQUAVITÆ, strong proof, at 3 s. 10 d. per gallon.

The finest of the above black Teas, are from 7 s. to 12 s. 6 d.—Hyson Green, from 9 s. to 4 s. 6 d.

WILLIAM REID Tea and Spirit Dealer,

At his Shop below the Head of Dickson's Close, High Street, Edinburgh,

BEGS leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for past favours and hopes to merit a continuance thereof; takes this method of informing them, that he has just got to hand, a quantity of exceeding fine Bohea and TEAS, which he is now selling upon the most moderate terms; and that so himself, that upon trial, they will be found inferior to none offered for sale in this place.——The prices are as follows, viz.

Good Bohea Tea,	2 s. 6 d.	Best Congo,	7 s.
Best ditto,	3 s.	Souchong,	7 s. 6 d.
Congo,	4 s.	Best ditto,	8 s.
Ditto,	5 s.	Good Hyson,	7 s. 6
Good ditto.	6 s.	Best ditto,	9 s.

Sugars of all kinds—Foreign and British Spirits—Wines, &c. of the very best quality—With almost every other article in the GROCERY Line, which will be found as good in quality, and as reasonable, as any in Town.

☞ Commissions from the Country strictly attended to.

Patent Tea and Coffee Urns, Pistols, Snuffers, Spurs, and Knee Buckles,

AN assortment of each of which have just come to hand, and are sold on the lowest terms on account of the makers, by

PETER FORRESTER AND COMPANY,

Who further beg leave to intimate, That one of the partners has just returned from London, and all the other manufacturing towns in England, where he has been for six weeks, looking out, and buying from the best makers, with ready money, a very large, complete, and elegant assortment of goods; and they can safely affirm, that their choices of the following articles in particular, are more complete than was ever to be seen in Scotland before, viz.

Silver Candlesticks of the newest patterns, from six guineas the pair upwards.
Plated Candlesticks all kinds, Snuffers, and Snuffer Stands.
Plated Tea Kitchens and Coffee Pots.
Best London Brown ditto.
Plated Bread Baskets and Toast Trays.
Silver and Plated Sugar Basons, and Milk Pails.
Ditto Salts, Waiters, Decanters, and Wine Funnels.
Ditto sets of Casters, a vast variety.
Ditto Tea Pots and Stands.
Plated Crosses, with and without Lamps.
Ditto Sauce Boats, Butter-Coolers, &c.
Gold, Silver, and Pinchbeck Watches, a large assortment.
All kinds of Watch Chains, Seals, and Trinkets.
Set Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles.
Silver, Plated, Pinchbeck, and Mourning ditto.
Single and Double Barrelled Guns and Pistols.
Silver, Plated, Green and White Ivory handled Knives and Forks.
Cocoa, Ebony, Camwood, and Horn ditto.
Cases for Knives, Forks, and Spoons, of Mahogany, Shagreen, Paper, &c.
Japanned Tea Trays, Bread Baskets, Waiters, Candlesticks: And
All kinds of Ladies and Gentlemen's Pocket and Memorandum Books.
Ditto of ditto, Gold, Silver, Tortoise, Gilt, and Leather Snuff-Boxes.
Gold Bracelets, Rings, Breast Pins, and Lockets.
Gold, Parti, and Lunardi's Balloon Ear Rings.
A complete assortment of Canes, Whips, and Sticks.

N. B. Give the highest prices for old Gold, Silver, and Lace.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceased Mr ALEXANDER WHYTE, Merchant in Edinburgh.

A MEETING of the Creditors is to be held at the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when matters of importance will be laid before them.

NOTICE

To the Creditors of WILLIAM FRASER, Skin Merchant in Inverness.

IN consequence of former advertisements, Alexander M'Donald, writer in Inverness, having been appointed trustee for managing the bankrupts funds, hereby requires all the creditors to lodge with him their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt, with their oaths for proving the same, as directed by the 31st section of the late act of Parliament, of the 23d year of his present Majesty's reign, and that on or before the 21st day of May next, being nine calendar months from the 21st day of August last, the date of the interlocutor awarding the sequestration of the said William Fraser's estate; hereby certifying, that in terms of the act, those creditors who shall neglect to comply with the requisition hereby made, that they shall not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the debtor's estate.

NOTICE to the Creditors of the deceased WILLIAM JOHNSTON Butcher in Stirling.

THE defunct's heritable subjects are now sold, and a division of his funds amongst the creditors whose claims are sustained, is intended immediately after the 25th of December next. Therefore any of the creditors who may have failed to comply with former advertisements, are desired forthwith to lodge their claims, and grounds of debt, with either of William Muirhead, or James Wright, writers in Stirling, the trustees; hereby certifying to them, that unless compliance is hereto made betwixt and said day, they will then be cut off from any share of the funds falling under the trust right. Not to be repeated.

A COACH YARD AND STABLES.

To be LET for such a number of years after Whitsunday next as can be agreed on,

THAT large inclosed COURT or AREA, with the BUILDINGS erected thereon, consisting of stables, coach-wright's shop, corn lofts, shades, &c. lying in the Pleasance, opposite to Richmond Street, and presently occupied as a coach-yard. This area is situated at a convenient distance from Edinburgh, and is plentifully supplied with water; the present access is easy; and, by the intended South Bridge, its communication with the city will be rendered still easier; so that every necessary accommodation occurs to point it out as a proper place either for carrying on the business in which it is at presently used, or many other purposes.

The buildings upon it are extensive, commodious, and in good repair; and, although they are at present fitted up for stables and coach-houses, &c. yet, with little expence, might be converted into a brewery or factory, &c.

Any person taking a lease of the premises for a coach-yard may also have an opportunity of purchasing the coaches, chaises, &c. provided he and the present possessor, who is giving up that branch of business, can make a bargain.

The premises may be seen every lawful day; and for further particulars, application may be made to Walter Simson, clerk to Mr Sharp, the proprietor.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Robert Wharton, vintner in Ayr, on Friday the 8th day of April 1785, at twelve noon, The following HERETABLE SUBJECTS, which belonged to JOHN CHRISTIAN of Cuningpark, merchant in Ayr, viz.

The Lands of CUNINGPARK, comprehending the Lands called Tongue, Carrochanburn, and Windyhall:

As also, the Lands of Gairholm, and four and one-half Acres of Land in the Sandylands of Ayr, lying in the parishes of Ayr and Maybole, and shire of Ayr; which lands hold feu partly of the Kirk Session of Ayr, and partly of the burgh of Ayr, for payment of 19 l. 18 s. 2 d. 1-3d. Sterling, with a boll of meal, payable to the minister of Ayr, and 40 pennies Scots to the minister of Maybole.—These lands lie contiguous, and are situated within a quarter of a mile of the town of Ayr, upon the sea coast, which abounds with wreck proper for manure. They are mostly inclosed and sub-divided, have been for some time past chiefly in the proprietor's natural possession, and are now set at 117 l 3 s. of rent, including the yearly value of two small fields now out of lease.

At the farm-house of Cuningpark is a good kitchen garden, and a little beyond it an orchyard, consisting of about two Acres well stocked with fruit trees, in a thriving condition.—There are also two other steadings of houses upon the premises.

As also, the benefit of the Lease of the Lands called Bridge-house, lying within the parish and shire of Ayr, granted for a term of three hundred years, from Martinmas 1749, for payment of 9 l. 3 s. 4 d. Sterling of yearly tack duty, with a year's rent of grassum at the end of every nineteen years. Part of the lands is subset during the currency of the principal lease, and part of them for one year, the present yearly rent of the whole being 43 l. 6 s. Sterling. These lands are mostly inclosed and subdivided, and lie contiguous to the lands of Cuningpark.

The above subjects will either be exposed in one parcel, or in the following lots, as may be most agreeable to offerers.

LOT I. The Lands of CARROCHAN BURN, (commonly called BLACKBURN), with three acres of land or thereby, called QUAVER, as the same are presently possessed by Messr. M'Connell and M'Crackan brewers in Ayr. These lands consist of about 22 acres, are mostly inclosed, and subdivided into six different inclosures, and are set for the space of thirty-eight years after Martinmas 1779, at the yearly rent of 45 l. 3 s. Sterling. Upon this lot is a good steading of houses, conveniently situated for a distillery or brewery, and which has been lately occupied by the tenants in that way.

LOT II. Lying immediately south of Lot I. comprehends the whole LANDS betwixt the road leading from the shore towards the common of Ayr and Bridgehouse burn. It contains about 72 acres, and consist, of part of the lands of WINDYHALL, the lands of CUNINGPARK, the piece of land called the TONGUE, and another small piece of land part of the lands of Bridgehouse, as the same is now marked off. This Lot is mostly inclosed and subdivided, and the farm houses and kitchen-garden of Cuningpark are situated on it.

LOT III. Contains the whole LANDS belonging to the proprietor, south of Bridgehouse burn. It comprehends the lands of GAIRHOLM and piece of land now called GOUK's CROFT. This lot consists of about 22 English acres, and includes the Orchyard, together with the steadings of houses, presently possessed by Robert Jamieson and Thomas M'Clatchie. It lies pleasantly on the banks of the water of Doon, and the situation is admirably calculated for building.

LOT IV. Contains that HALF ACRE of Land in the Sandylands of Ayr. As also, that acre of land called ADAMTOWN'S ACRE, lying on the mid-sands of Ayr, and presently possessed by Neil Kennedy.

LOT V. Being the benefit of the lease above mentioned of the lands called Bridgehouse, (except that part thereof inclosed with part of the lands contained in Lot II) the duration of which lease, the rent and subrent, are expressed in the former part of this advertisement.

For farther particulars, enquire at James Hume writer in Ayr, or James Thomson, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds are; and inventories thereof are lodged with Mr Hume.

For the CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

To the FARMERS *in* SCOTLAND.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM glad to hear from different parts of the country, that several proprietors of rookeries are well pleased with my plan for destroying the crows, and that a number of farmers have already resolved to put it into execution as soon as possible. This I imagine will not be agreeable news to HUMANUS, who lately appeared in the Edinburgh Caledonian Mercury, as agent for the crows.

As to the improvements in agriculture, which he would recommend to you, for defending yourselves against the crows and all other birds, we would be glad to hear of them; though they shall never have my approbation, if they appear to be the least injurious to the innocent choristers of our rural groves.

I have always been an advocate for the drilling husbandry, because it not only allows you to clean the ground and prepare it for receiving the nutritive dews, but also secures the seed from the crows: however, I never yet heard of it being able to keep them from destroying the crop while it was ripening on the ground, or in stook or stack.

I am certain they will still make it many a hostile visit in all these stages, and destroy it in the same way as if it had been raised in the broad-cast method. I fancy you would have no complaint against the crows, did they pick up the seed only that is left uncovered on the field; but it is a real fact, that they are more ready to pick up the seeds that would bring a hundred fold each, than those that would die for want of root. Respecting our Scotch ignorance, which HUMANUS has been pleased to taunt us with, I have no inclination to make comparisons in matters of this kind, though I might do it without the least dishonour to my countrymen. I must, however, confess, that I think HUMANUS, for whose abilities I have the highest esteem, did not acquit himself so cleverly with his English companion in Hampshire as he ought to have done. I wonder that he who seems to be so well versed in crows, had not the presence of mind to consider, that they always leave their young to shift for themselves by the end of May, at which time maggots or grubs were never yet seen to harm victual.

It is always the middle of July at the soonest, before vermin of this kind appear to attack vegetation; and, long before that time, the crows have abandoned your corn fields for the heathy hills. I will not deny, that the cawing and whirling of crows in the air do frequently indicate a change of weather; but why will you keep such a train of destructive servants to do a piece of work which many of the innocent and domestic animals will regularly perform? If you dare not trust your own knowledge of the clouds, in spring, the frogs will tell you whether you shall have a wet or dry season. In sum-

ther, the geese, ducks, and little birds, will show you when a shower is fast approaching. In autumn, your breeding sow will not omit dinning you when storms of wind and rain are on the wing. At Christmas, the finches and pigeons will point out to you when frost and snow are near at hand, so that you shall have time to bring your cattle from cold to warm inclosures: And your courageous cock, if nothing disturbs his roost, will, regularly to a minute, tell you the time of morn: Yea your very cat, if we may believe the ancients, will show you, that she, herself, is not deficient in prognosticating the weather.

With respect to the police of the country, proprietors of rookeries know, that scores of young men and boys coming to their doors in a spring evening, to see a nimble fellow climb a lofty tree, never fail leaving disagreeable marks behind them: Whereas a single person, well recommended for shooting crows, would never do the least harm. Her ladyship might depend on this, that her young poultry would be perfectly safe from kites, ravens, &c. while the crow shooter perfumed the air with burnt powder, and made the distant hills rebound with his terrifying gun; though it would never alarm the family, when they knew what was going on without doors. Moreover, gentlemen who love sport should engage the crow shooters to destroy the kites, hawks, ravens, &c. as it is well known, that they kill more game of all kinds, than all the shooters in the kingdom do. These ravens might easily be destroyed at breeding time without ever using a gun; but I have no time just now to enter upon this particular. I am,

GENTLEMEN, Yours, &c.

Edinburgh, Nov. 17. 1784. A. S.

From the London Papers, Nov. 25.

LONDON.

At length the arrangement for which Mr Pitt's party in the Cabinet have been contending against the Bedford's for these five months, is concluded. Earl Gower has at length yielded, and yesterday the Privy Seal was brought to the Cabinet by Mr Nepean, one of the Commissioners, and delivered into the custody of the noble Earl. Lord Camden is appointed President of the Council, and took his seat accordingly. This arrangement was proposed by Mr Pitt some months ago, but Earl Gower refused to leave the chair, and Lord Camden would accept of no other place. Mr Pratt was sent over to Ireland to negociate the matter with the noble Lord, and his answer was preremptory. The reason of Lord Gower's obstinacy was the desire of that party to introduce Lord Shelburne, which was incompatible with Lord Camden's coming in, as the latter had publicly declared that he never would serve with the former.—His having now come into the President's chair, therefore, is a conclusive proof that the Earl of Shelburne is not to be introduced into the Cabinet. Accordingly the report is, that he is to be made a Marquis, together with Earl Temple, upon which they are to give their support to the system. The Duke of Grafton has also engaged to give his countenance to Ministry, but does not come into office.—This new arrangment gives them no positive accession of strength, but the struggle is over, and Mr Pitt has triumphed in keeping the Earl of Shelburne out without throwing him into the opposite scale, in which, however, he would have been no welcome weight.—*Eng. Chron.*

We are assured that a new creation of peers will take place early in the course of the next month. It is said Lord Shelburne will be honoured with the title of Marquis of Wickham, and Lord Temple with that of Buckingham. Lord Sydney, it is also said, will receive an addition to his present title. *Gen. Ev. Post.*

It was yesterday very currently reported at the west end of the town, that the following alterations and creations would take place in a few days, viz. Lord Camden, President of the Council, in the room of Earl Gower, who is appointed Lord Privy Seal.—Earl Temple to be Secretary of State, in the room of the Marquis of Carmarthen, who is desirous of going abroad.—Earl of Shelburne to be created a Marquis.—Earl Temple to be created a Marquis.—Lord Camden to be created an Earl.—Lord Trentham to be called up by writ to the House of Lords. *Ibid.*

Yesterday Earl Gower waited on his Majesty at St James's, and resigned his place as Lord President of the Council, and at the same time kissed the King's hand on being appointed Lord Privy-Seal.

We are afraid there is too much foundation for the report concerning the massacre of General Mathews. What particular species of torture he suffered we are ignorant; but we have the best authority for saying, that when the last dispatches came from Madras, they had received to their repeated applications concerning the fate of this brave man, the most shuffling and unsatisfactory answers from Tippoo Saib.—He had not given them, nor would he give any explicit account of his prisoner, and there is every ground for believing that he died a violent death. He was not the only sufferer. The general treatment of the prisoners was shocking to humanity. It is said, that a number of our officers were castrated, on account of one or two gentlemen having been detected in making amorous advances to the women of the Sultan, and that two thirds of the officers died under the cruelty—Tippoo has still in his hands two hundred prisoners, whom he has detained on account of their being artificers; and he gives the most haughty reason, "They have embraced the faith of his people, and he does not chuse to commit them to the revengeful hands of Christians."

Several days ago, two gentlemen arrived in town express from Manchester. They are deputed by the Committee of fustian manufacturers, of which Mr Walmesley is the chairman, with instructions to represent to the Minister the consequences of the late most impolitic and impracticable statute. They have given the act a fair trial—they have taken out licences, and after a candid experiment they find it impossible to go on with their trade if subject to this puzzling, intricate, and severe duty. They have found, that to one tradesman, a bleacher and dyer only of their goods, it has incurred a loss of a hundred pounds in one month, which is twelve hundred a year, and that without benefiting the revenue twenty guineas. The gentlemen say, that the dissatisfaction has arisen to the greatest height, and they are actually afraid of a tumult in that most numerous neighbourhood, in case effectual redress is not given.

Yesterday, at Guildhall, No. 13,321 was drawn a blank, but as first-drawn ticket, is entitled to 500 l.

No. 24,981, 31,631, prizes of 500 l.

And the following prizes of 50 l. each:

No. 7486, 27,637, 26,701, 30,180, 6722, 13,038, 12,078, 17,636, 25,124, 16,832, 30,852.

This day, at Guildhall, No. 13,576 was drawn a blank, but, as first-drawn ticket is entitled to 500 l.

No. 3591, a prize of 500 l.

No. 188, 5845, prizes of 100 l.

And the following prizes of 50 l. each:

No. 17,054, 30,319, 12,276, 5353, 28,965, 20,247.

PRICE of STOCKS, Nov. 25.

Bank Stock, 111¼ a 112.	India Stock, —
5 per cent. Stock, 88¼ a ½.	3 per cent. Ann. —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777 70⅞ a ¾.	India Bonds paid, —
3 per cent. ann. 55¼ a ⅜ a ½.	Ditto unpaid, 1 a 3 disc.
3 per cent. red. 54⅜ a ½.	Exchequer Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, —
Long Ann. 17.	3 per cent. Scrip. 55½.
Short Ann. 1778, —	4 per cent. Scrip. —
South Sea Stock, —	Omnium, —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Lottery Tickets, 18 l. 14 s. morn.
Ditto New Ann. —	
Ditto 1751, —	

WIND AT DEAL, Nov. 24. S. W.

From the PENNSYLVANIA JOURNAL.

PHILADELPHIA, October 9.

Extract of an account of the late disturbances at Wyoming, published by authority.

"About twelve o'clock at night, on Sunday the 26th ult. a party of the Connecticut claimants, whose number is yet undetermined, attempted to break open the store-house in which the public and other arms were deposited. It is probable that their original design, upon this occasion, went no farther; and that if they had been able to succeed in the robbery, no other excess would have immediately followed; but having been early discovered from a neighbouring house, (the quarters of Col. Armstrong) and meeting with some opposition from thence, they soon turned their arms thither, and exchanged several shot with that gentleman, and three or four others who were with him. Retiring, however, from this resistance, they carried their attack to the house of Mr John Hollenback, where the remaining part of us lodged, and, after discharging several guns upon it, (from the effects of which Messr. Boyd and Oakely narrowly escaped) they then withdrew into the bushes, and disappeared. We now saw an end to our business with the utmost regret, and that it was improper for us to remain longer in a country where every moment threatened us with the dangers of assassination. Under the influence of this opinion, we called upon the Magistrates, and some other principal Pennsylvania claimants, and left with them a paper of acknowledgment, for the support which they had, in every instance, discovered an inclination to give us; of advice to keep themselves in as defensible a state as possible; and of assurance, that, as we believed the late attack upon us to be introductory to further mischief, we would exert every nerve in our power to bring government into some decisive measures for their relief. Under these assurances, we left them about three o'clock on Monday the 27th inst. The events which have since happened, and which have been brought forward by express, are truly lamentable, and serve to confirm the opinions we have already expressed, of the intended violence of the Connecticut claimants, and the distress and suffering which we are afraid the better subjects of the state are fated to undergo.

(Signed) JOHN BOYD,
J. ARMSTRONG, Jun.
JAMES READ,
JOHN OAKELY,
Commissioners of the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania.

Extract of a letter from Wyoming, Sept. 28.

"Eleven hours after you left this place we were surrounded by the Connecticut band. They kept up a hot and incessant fire for the space of two hours. You know that our house is not proof against shot. Poor Lieutenants Reed and Henderson are both mortally wounded. Mr Reed is shot from the back and into the guts. Henderson is shot in five places, one of which is in his breast, that is the dangerous one. Captains Shoemaker and Henderson attempting to gain the block-house, poor Henderson fell at the door. Captain Shoemaker gained the block-house, to whose exertions we owe our lives (who now remain.) The enemy put a burning torch to our house, which struck me with the utmost horror. I stripped myself naked, and went out at the window, and pushed the fire off with my gun. Soon after Captain Shoemaker, as we suppose, killed or mortally wounded one of the villains; we heard his groans. This morning, discovered much blood, and found his rifle. From the time you left us, we had only time to remove the arms and ammunition into Shrawder's room, where they are safe. The Justices, with myself, propose calling in the country, and will endeavour to make a stand until we hear from government, which I pray God may be soon.

"There is no doubt but that Johnson, Franklin, and Price were among the murderers. Oh! for pity's sake, stimulate government to grant us immediate and effectual relief. It is not possible to describe my mortification for my two brave gentlemanly bosom friends. ALEX. PATERSON."

We are informed, that, to quiet the disturbances at Wyoming, the Supreme Executive Council have given orders, that a body of militia be again called out, and that the direction of this important business be committed to John Armstrong, jun. Esq; now appointed Adjutant-General of the militia of this commonwealth, and Brigadier-General of the same.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Nov. 25.

"Notwithstanding the immense penetration of our speculative politicians, we are still perfectly in the dark what turn the dispute, between the Emperor and Dutch, will take, or how it will affect the neighbouring powers. If we may venture to speak after the reports and discoveries of the different interests the other powers have to engage them to appease or foment the quarrel, we would say the other powers of Europe have not yet discovered their separate interests in the cause, but are attentively viewing each other, that they may seize an occasion of converting it to their advantage. All other ideas on this head are but *speculation*.

"Lord George Gordon, the partisan of the Dutch, has brought over a certain noble Lord so much to his way of thinking, it is supposed there must, according to his Lordship's system, be another *coalition*.

"This day the Court of Directors received a packet over land from Mr Hastings, containing the most favourable account of the state of affairs in Oude, though it is not in our power to state the particulars; but we can assure you, that there are private letters in town from Mr Hastings, and a gentleman in his suite, which came by the same packet, bearing date from Lucknipe, the capital of Oude, the 24th of May last. By these it appears, that all the dominions of the Vizier were in perfect tranquillity;—that Mr Hastings had received four hundred and fifty thousand pounds, or forty-nine lacks, being part of the balance due from the Vizier to the Company;—that the remainder would be paid in the course of the year. We have further the pleasure to add, that Mr Hastings was in perfect health, and does not entertain any idea of returning next year to England. He had heard of the fate of Mr Fox's bill.

"The Hessian troops, and those from Waldeck, which we had in pay in the last war, are now subsidized by the Emperor.

"Some Swiss troops, on the contrary, are going into the service of the Dutch."

Died, on Sunday,
At his house in Forrester's Wynd,
Much and justly regretted by a large Family and numerous Acquaintance,
DAVID WARDROBE,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, and Surgeon to the Orphan-House.
His business, in the profits of which his Widow and Children are to participate, continues to be carried on by
Robert Kerr, Surgeon, his son-in-law.

This day, the Commissioners of Supply, for the county of Edinburgh, determined two appeals in favour of the subject, on the late Window Act. As they are of general importance, we suppose a short statement of their merits will not be disagreeable to our readers. The first was an appeal at the instance of Lord Adam Gordon, against the Surveyor of the Window lights, for charging him for his house of Prestonhall, in this county, with 14l. 9s. as the old duty of 144 windows or lights for a year, and also of 8 l. as the new duties on said windows for half a year, together with 1s. 6d. of additional house-duty. Lord Adam's defence against paying these duties was, that his house being neither inhabited nor possessed by any living creature, fell to be considered only as a repository for his furniture; and that such houses were particularly exempted by the late act imposing this new window tax. The additional house-duty, his Lordship insisted, was clearly not chargeable on any house in Scotland, because it is only leviable, by the statute, upon houses already charged at *three shillings*; whereas no house in Scotland is charged above *one shilling*.—It was contended, on the part of the surveyor, that the only method of ascertaining whether houses were inhabited or not, has been by their being furnished, which has invariably been the case with the house of Prestonhall; it having been inhabited, though by servants only, for several years back, till of late, that Lord Adam had removed them to an out-house, in order to evade the duty; but that these servants still continued to put on fires every day, and open the windows, in order to air the house. This, in the eye of law, the surveyor alledged, was sufficient to subject Lord Adam, and quoted several decisions of the English Judges in support of his argument. Lord Adam replied, that whatever decisions might have been pronounced on the former act, they did by no means apply to the new one, which being imposed for a *commutation* of the former duties on tea, it would be absurd to suppose, that he should be taxed for consuming tea in a house which he did not inhabit. The Commissioners of Supply were unanimously of opinion, that Lord Adam was not liable.

The other case, determined in the same manner, was that of Mr Alves, factor to his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh. Mr Alves was charged with window lights, by the surveyor, for a house possessed by him in Dalkeith. Mr Alves brought his appeal upon this ground, that he paid no rent for the house, but that it was the property of the Duke of Buccleugh; and as his Grace already paid for two houses, viz. one in England and one in Scotland, which was all the law required, it would be unjust to make him liable for a third. The surveyor contended, that as the house was furnished, and with furniture the property of Mr Alves, it could not be considered as belonging to his Grace. The Commissioners, however, found, that as Mr Alves was only a servant, and removeable at the pleasure of the Duke, the house must be held as the property of his Grace, and therefore not chargeable with duty.

For some time past, circular letters have been dispersing through the members of the different Incorporations of this city, by the Committee of Reform, inviting the Incorporations to take part in that business. A meeting of the Incorporation of Goldsmiths was accordingly called this day, by some members friendly to the measure. After a good deal of debate upon the subject, however, the vote being called, these Gentlemen found themselves in a minority; so that the reform will derive no strength or assistance from the Goldsmiths Company.

James Greig, master of the Hercules of Dundee, arrived at Borrowstounness on Saturday from Riga; and on the 22d curt. spoke with the Bristol, John Air master, from Petersburgh, about twenty leagues off Shields, bound for Bristol, in a very leaky condition, keeping both pumps going, with the wind at N. N. W. Shields bearing W. S. W. distance twenty leagues, and Mr Greig supposes that the ship would get into Shields next day.

Friday se'enight, Robert Colston, servant to Mr William Penman, at Easter Muirdean, about three miles from Kelso, in a fit of frenzy committed a most barbarous murder on the body of Mary Penman, his master's daughter, aged about six months; and at the same time he beat and abused the mother and another child, about two years old, in a most cruel manner. Mrs Penman received several severe blows on her back and other parts of her body, and the surviving child was very much bruised, but they are both in a fair way of recovery.—Colston was next day committed to Jedburgh Tolbooth by warrant of the Justices of the Peace, and on Monday a precognition of the facts was taken by the Sheriff, in order to be laid before the crown lawyers. It would seem his frenzy had been coming on for some days, for he went off on the Tuesday morning without asking leave of his master, and did not return till Thursday: During that time, he said, he had twice attempted to drown himself, but that a black dog prevented him. He was formerly a well-behaved sober man, and much respected by his master.

The Congress, Knox, from Londonderry, the Three Brothers, Gillies, from Belfast, and the Favourite John, Hughes, from Dublin, arrived at Philadelphia, with about one thousand emigrants.

The Rev. Dr Charles Nisbet, minister at Montrose, is appointed President of the New College at Carlisle in America.

We have received a number of American newspapers, by the Betty and Molly, Captain M'Intosh, arrived in Clyde

from Philadelphia. They bring no material news, but contain a number of advertisements, for the sale of the poor emigrants. The following is a specimen from the Pennsylvania Packet, of August 14.

"Just arrived in the brig Sisters, from Sligo (Ireland), a number of young, healthy, male and female servants and redemptioners: among whom are, some hearty girls and boys, shoemakers, coopers, masons, taylors, weavers, glaziers, tanners, curriers, carpenters, blacksmiths, wheel-wrights, joiners, painters, butchers, bricklayers, silversmiths, skinners, sawers, cutlers, founders, printers, brickmakers, cabinet-makers, nailers, plaisterers, and turners; all of whose times will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash, by the Captain on board."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Halifax in Nova Scotia, to his friend in Aberdeen, dated Sept. 18. 1784.

"The emigrants from Scotland to this province are very numerous, and, I am sure, very imprudent, especially those who delay their coming till the approach of winter. Had some hundreds only come here, we could have appointed them tolerably; but thousands make them as great a glut as dry goods, which will hardly sell at any price. I am given to understand, that the spirit of emigration rages greatly at home. I wish those who have come over to this province would give their friends a faithful account, and not draw a picture of it from some favourable circumstances, without taking in the whole. I had an opportunity of seeing the most flattering accounts sent to their friends in Scotland, by people who were relieved from distress by myself. This is a wantonness which deserves to be severely checked; and I wish the sensible and intelligent part of the people may take pains to convince the ignorant of the deception. In what manner many of those who are come over here will be able to subsist during the ensuing winter, he only can tell, who feeds the young ravens, when they call to him."

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Nov. 25.

"The frequent robberies in the neighbourhood of this city, for three weeks past, almost exceed belief; and, at no period, were ever equalled here. A desperate set of villains seem to have collected together, all at once, and have carried on their depredations on the public with too much success; but, by the spirited measures adopted, and carried into effect these some days past, several of them have been apprehended, and, it is to be hoped, public examples will be made of some of them; though, alas! the late executions here appear to have had no effect on these daring offenders, as most of the robberies have been committed since.

"Thursday evening, a gentleman on horseback, near the Howgatehead, (the place where the gallows formerly stood) was attacked by two fellows, who presented a pistol, and demanded his money. After taking his money and watch, they demanded his pocket-book. He said he had none. They then searched him, and found a book, but it being only a music-book, they returned it.

"Friday morning, John Robertson, Andrew Skinner, Andrew Macfarlane, and William Gordon, were, by warrant of the Sheriff, committed to prison. The night before, they committed a robbery in the house of —— Baird, in the parish of Cadder. They are old offenders.

"The same day, Thomas Vernon and William Cumine, soldiers, belonging to the 28th regiment, were imprisoned, on suspicion of being concerned in one of the highway robberies lately committed in this neighbourhood. And,

"On Monday, Felix O'Neil, a soldier in the same regiment was put in prison, on suspicion of being an accomplice in the robberies with the above two.

"On Monday, about eleven in the forenoon, a man coming from Pollockshaws to this city, a little north of the Muir Houses, was attacked by three fellows, who, after threatening him in a dreadful manner, robbed him of his watch, and twenty-four pounds in bank notes. Upon the man's giving information, the Magistrates and Sheriff exerted themselves to the utmost, by sending out the peace-officers in order to apprehend the robbers, but without effect.

"Tuesday, being Greenock fair, a posse was dispatched to that place, for the purpose of detecting the banditti, who, for some time past, have infested the different avenues leading to this city. Nine or ten fellows, of suspicious characters, were apprehended, and committed to prison in Greenock.

"Yesterday, Henrietta Faulds received a respite of her sentence, during his Majesty's pleasure. She was condemned to be hanged at last Circuit Court, for the crimes of theft and reset of theft, and was to have been executed on Wednesday the 1st of December next.

"Margaret Neil, tried and condemned at the last Circuit at Stirling, for theft and house-breaking, was hanged there on Friday last."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 18.

"Yesterday the pleadings on the motion for an attachment against the High Sheriff of the county of Dublin were concluded in the King's bench, on the part of the Sheriff by Counsellor Smith, and on that of the Crown by the Attorney-General. The decision of this important question is expected to take place within a few days.

"It is said, that soon after the meeting of parliament, a bill will be brought in, allowing bounties on the exportation of many of our infant manufactures.

"The merchants of Cork are informed, that a Dutch squadron of six sail of the line, four frigates, two bombs, and two store-ships, will put into Cork to victual in the course of next month, on their voyage from the Texel to the Mediterranean.

"The Lord Lieutenant and Council of this kingdom have issued a proclamation, dated the 13th instant, offering a reward of 100 l. each for apprehending the first three persons concerned in sending threatening anonymous letters to Messr. Courtney and Ridgeway, Messr. Strangman and Sons, Messr. Rathorst and Goff, and Messr. George and Wm. Penrose, eminent merchants of the city of Waterford, relative to the exportation of bacon; which proclamation is to remain in force for the space of six months.

"The embarkation of the troops from this kingdom, as mentioned in the papers, will not take place until the beginning of April. The transports to convey them to Stade, it is said, will take them on board at Waterford, and, in their passage off Dover, or at the Nore, will be joined by the transports having on board the forces from England, which are to consist only of the Oxford Blues, and two battalions of foot-guards. The gallant Prince of Brunswick, brother-in-law to his Majesty, is to have the supreme command of the Westphalian army of observation.—The commander of the British auxiliaries is not yet mentioned."

On Friday last, the Incorporation of Hammermen of this city met in Magdalene Chapel, in order to take under consideration the present mode of electing the members of the Town-Council, and representative in Parliament, for this city, when it was

Resolved,

1st, That the present manner of electing the Deacons of Incorporations of this city, by presenting *leets* to the Council, &c. is arbitrary and unjust; whereby a badge of servitude and subjection is imposed upon the Incorporations, and a dangerous power of controul vested in the Town-Council.

Resolved,

2d, That it is the birth-right and inherent privilege of every burgess of this community, to have a suffrage in the election of our Representative in the Legislative Assembly; and that to with-hold from the burgesses the exercise of this right, is a flagrant deviation from the principles of our excellent constitution, as well as most pernicious and dangerous in its consequences. Therefore,

Resolved,

3d, That this Incorporation do cordially concur and co-operate with the other citizens of Edinburgh, and burgesses of the other burghs of Scotland, in their proposed constitutional application to Parliament for a reform of these elections. And this Incorporation do hereby nominate Messr. Thomas Fergusson, John Lockart, and David Murray, to attend the Committee of Citizens of Edinburgh on their account, and to assist in bringing to completion the important business of *reform*.

FOURTH, EIGHTH, and SIXTEENTH SHARES of TICKETS, in the present State Lottery, got down by this post, warranted undrawn the 25th instant, are selling by JAMES THOMSON and SON, at their Licensed Lottery Office, at the Cross, Edinburgh, where a proper assortment will be kept up during the Drawing.

The Highest Prices given for Prizes.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR,

I Have perused "A CITIZEN's proposals for erecting a "Bridge across the Cowgate, and for establishing an effectual fund for the support of the poor of Edinburgh," and I have formed some observations on those proposals with perfect candour and impartiality; which, if you shall judge them of sufficient importance, may be communicated to the public thro' the channel of your paper.

1st, If the Gentlemen of the College of Justice are to be subjected to all the city taxes, except watch-money, they must, I suppose, of course, be declared intitled to every privilege of the other citizens; and especially that of choosing, and of being chosen, members of the Council and Magistracy.

This will necessarily occasion a considerable alteration in the political constitution of the city; and in that event, every person actuated with any regard for public liberty and independence, will hope to see the election of the Representative, at least, if not the Magistracy and Council, vested at large in all who shall be subjected to the heavy burdens mentioned in the proposals; and likewise to see the exercise of those privileges conducted by ballot. The good effects of such an alteration are so important and obvious, that, in this short address, I shall not attempt to enumerate them.

2dly, In consideration of "the several new benefits and advantages that will be communicated to the inhabitants of "George's Square, &c. by the proposed bridge over the Cowgate," the Citizen proposes to levy "three and a half per "cent. on the real rent of houses built or to be built on the "south side of the city, at present about 14,000 l. valuation." And, besides the benefit of the bridge, he proposes to furnish the inhabitants on that side with water, "provided three hundred families shall subscribe to take private pipes, at 20 s. "per annum each," &c.

I coincide perfectly with the sentiments of the CITIZEN, as to the expediency of building the bridge proposed over the Cowgate. And I am entirely of his opinion, that "all the "traders will be benefited by this measure, which evidently "tends to increase the buildings and inhabitants of Edinburgh "and its environs."

I rejoice therefore to find, that "the expence of building "this bridge may be defrayed by the money that will be obtained for the contiguous areas of building ground."

But admitting these principles, I incline to think the burden of 3½ *per cent.* proposed to be laid on the real rent of the houses on the south side of the town, already built, or *to be built*, too high.

The proposed Bridge will undoubtedly prove at once both an ornament and an advantage to all the present royalty. It will be highly convenient, too, to the *greater part* of the inhabitants beyond the royalty on the south side of the town. But for this conveniency, which the latter are to enjoy in common with the more numerous inhabitants of the present royalty, and *which is not to cost the city a single farthing of expence*, the proposed imposition of 3½ *per cent.* is evidently enormous.

For the proposed accommodation of water, I give no credit whatever; for this plain reason, that the profit thence to be derived to the city will be very great, and the benefit to the inhabitants on the south extremely small. Most of them, those of George's Square especially, have already great command of good water; and, if more were necessary, it may be procured at a much easier price than the CITIZEN proposes to exact for it, and in much greater abundance.

The CITIZEN, of whose candour I cannot entertain a doubt, will listen the more readily to these considerations, when he shall reflect, that the inhabitants of the southern suburbs without the royalty, are to reap no advantage from the City Poor-House, nor from its present or proposed fund for lighting the streets. He must understand, that they are subjected to a separate and a very heavy poor's rate, and to the expence of their own public lights: But it is possible that he may be ignorant of the amount of these two burdens. In fact, it is nearly *six per cent.* of the present real rent; so that were they to be burdened with the 3½ *per cent.* proposed by the CITIZEN, they should, exclusive of cess, be subjected to public burdens only 1¼ *per cent.* under the inhabitants of the royalty, without reaping any other benefit from the city than the partial conveniency, in common with the extremely more numerous body of *citizens*, of a Bridge that will cost the city nothing.

It may be remarked, too, that while this burden of 3½ *per cent.* on the real rent, is to remain permanently fixed on all the buildings erected, and to be erected, on the south, the city burdens must be daily alleviated by the extraordinary encrease of houses and inhabitants within the new-extended royalty. By these means, the public impositions on the southern suburbs would, in 4 years or two, probably exceed those within the royalty.

I cannot bring myself to think, with the CITIZEN, that the erection of the Cowgate Bridge can prove at all detrimental to any quarter of the Old Town; because those who choose to reside either in the north or south suburbs, will do so whether that Bridge be built or not: and as the communication to the south, and to Hope Park, will, by means of the Bridge, be rendered both easy and agreeable, many persons who, on account of their own and their children's health, may at present be inclined to remove to the southern suburbs, may, by the hopes of the conveniency of the Bridge, be induced to remain within the city.

As to the College, the Town-guard, and economy in the expenditure of the city revenue, I may, perhaps, trouble you at another time: And whatever I shall advance on these subjects, shall be written with all that coolness, candour, and impartiality of which the CITIZEN has set so striking and commendable an example.

Your's, &c. EDINENSIS.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR,

THE education of youth is of the utmost consequence to society. Every parent, I suppose, would rather see his son turn out a good and useful member of society, than a scholar; yet the only attention at our public schools is, to make our youth learned in what, in future life, will probably be of no use to them; and no care whatever is taken of their moral attainments, or to make them wise and good. Vice and impiety receive no check, but are suffered to shoot up in young minds to such a shameful exuberance, that the rising generation is become astonishingly indecent, immoral, and profane. What is it to me, if my boy can read a passage of Cæsar *ad apertu-ram libri*, if his mind, his morals, and manners, which are afterwards to constitute his character and happiness in life, are neglected, in the attainment of, *probably*, such an useless accomplishment? Particulars, from delicacy, are with-held; but who, that has observation, can refrain from regret and astonishment at the progress of vice among the young, and at the neglect which is here suggested, and does not wish a remedy to such an evil may be made the object of public attention and police. I am, Sir, your humble servant, A PARENT.

Edin. Nov. 26. 1784.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, Nov. 29. Balloon, Poad, from Burnholm, with grain; Hutton Henay, Bales, from Stockholm, with cheese; Swan, Davidson, from London, with goods; Star, Ritchie, from ditto, with ditto; Fortune, Anderson, from Swalock; Lively, Reid, from Guernsey, with wine: Betsey, Millar, from Berwick, with grain; Barbra, Gray, from Alemouth, with ditto; James's, Somerville, from Newcastle, with goods; Providence, Jones, from Alloa, with ditto.

A SILVER WATCH LOST

ON Wednesday evening last, betwixt Piccarday and Fisherrow; with a cut Steel Chain and Seal, and a Brass Key; No 19,419, maker's name Bamfield, London.

Whoever has found said Watch, and will return it to James Sampson baker in Prestonpans, will be handsomely rewarded.

TWO HUNTERS

TO be SOLD at Pinkie House; the one seven, and the other six years old.—They are warranted sound, are able to carry fourteen stone up to any hounds, and are in hunting order.

Their priced FORTY GUINEAS each.

PORK WANTED.

THE Whale-fishing Company at DUNBAR want 12,000 lib. Amsterdam weight, of good and sufficient well-fed Pork, delivered at Dunbar betwixt and February next.

Those who chuse to contract for furnishing the above quantity, will please send their proposals to the Directors of the Company at Dunbar.

DUNBAR, Nov. 25. 1784. Not to be repeated.

NEW-INN, PERTH.

JOHN CAMPBELL, inn-keeper, embraces this opportunity of returning his most grateful acknowledgments to the Noblemen and Gentlemen who have hitherto honoured him with their employment, and begs leave to solicit the continuance of their favours.

Having lately built a commodious NEW INN, on an EXTENSIVE PLAN, in George-Street, by the Bridge, and furnished it in a complete manner, for the accommodation of the Public, he humbly hopes for that patronage and encouragement, which an assiduous attention to please and oblige may in future merit.

N. B. Neat post-chaises, good horses, and careful drivers, may be depended on.

Exchequer Chambers, Edinburgh,

November 25. 1784.

JEAN M'ARVALE, Spouse to Andrew Dalziel, herd in Little Creoch, in the parish of New Cumnock, Margaret M'Arvale, relict of John Vallance in Auckinleck Town, and Helen M'Arvale, relict of James Sampson in Kilmarnock, have applied to the Barons of the Exchequer, for a Gift of Bastardy, of the means and effects of the deceased GEORGE M'ARVALE private schoolmaster in Old Cumnock:—The Barons are pleased to order this intimation to be made, for the information of all concerned.

GROUND near Edinburgh to LET.

TO be LET for pasture, That PARK, consisting of about twenty-one acres old grass, being part of the estate of Dean, and lying north-west of Mr Rose's tower. Also to be LET for tillage, a PARK about twelve acres, and which lies to the south of the above. Both Parks may be entered to immediately; and, for further particulars, apply to Mr James Walker writer to the Signet.

FOR JAMAICA,

The Ship RUBY,

JAMES RAMSAY Master,

Now lying at Greenock, is ready to take on board goods for Annotto Bay, Port Maria, and Aurica Bassa, and will be clear to sail by the 10th January next.

For freight or passage, apply to James Gammell and Company, Greenock.

N. B. The time of this ship's being clear to sail, may be depended on.

GREENOCK, Nov. 29. 1784.

TO be Sold by public roup, at the house of Mrs Haig vintner in Alloa, on Wednesday the 8th of December next, at twelve o'clock noon,

The Brigantine JEAN,

Burthen about 170 tons or thereby, with her Float Boat, and other furniture, as she now lies in the harbour of Alloa. This vessel is well found in every respect, sails remarkably fast, and is fit either for the Baltic, or other foreign trade.

Also, at same time and place,

The Brigantine LADY MAR, burthen 100 tons or thereby, with her Float Boat, furniture, &c. now lying in said harbour. This vessel is fit either for the coasting or foreign trade.——Likewise, a small quantity of Oak, Timber, and Fir Plank.

Inventories of both vessels to be seen at Mrs Nuttall's, Alloa; Messr. White and Fraser, Leith; and at Mr Alexander Stephen's, Glasgow.

SHARES IN CARRON COMPANY.

TO be SOLD, by public roup or auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 9th day of December next, betwixt the hours of five and ſix o'clock afternoon,

TWENTY-EIGHT SHARES of L. 250 each, amounting to L. 7000 Sterling, of the Capital Stock, or Twenty-eight Six Hundredth Parts of the Iron Manufactory, or Works carried on at Carron, in the county of Stirling, North Britain, under the firm of "CARRON COMPANY," which belong to Ralph Lodge, Eſq; late of Gray's Inn, London, and his creditors; with a proportional part of the whole Eſtates and Property, Furnaces, Forges, Reſervoirs, Fixtures, and Appurtenances thereto belonging, and of the whole ſtock of Goods and Materials then on hand, which will be expoſed in one or ſeparate lots as may beſt ſuit the conveniency of perſons intending to offer for the ſame.

The articles and conditions of roup and ſale, and the rights of the foreſaid ſhares, are to be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Young writer in Edinburgh; to whom, or to Charles Gaſcoigne, Eſq; manager of Carron Company at Carron, Mr George Allan attorney in Darlington, perſons intending to offer may apply for information as to further particulars.

Offers for a ſale by private bargain may be tranſmitted to any of the above-named gentlemen.

SALE OF HOUSES,

In the Broad Wynd, Leith.

TO be Sold by public voluntary roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Tueſday the 30th of November 1784, betwixt the hours of twelve mid day and one afternoon,

That TENEMENT of LAND on the North ſide of the Broad Wynd, Leith, lately built by the deceaſed Ebenezer Hanna, ſhipmaſter in Leith, called HANNA'S LAND, conſiſting of three ſtories, with a large ſhop on the ground floor, and a cellar under ſaid ſhop. Each flat of this tenement conſiſts of two rooms and kitchen, with coal cellars and other conveniences, all fitted up in the neateſt manner; they let remarkably well, and are preſently poſſeſſed by good tenants, at 25 l. 14 s. Sterling of yearly rent.

The progreſs of writs, which is complete and clear, the rental, and articles of ſale, are to be ſeen in the hands of Edward Bruce clerk to the ſignet, who will inform as to other particulars, and to whom any perſon inclining to make a private bargain may apply.

By Authority of the Court of Seſſion,

TO be Sold by public roup, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 1ſt day of December next, between the hours of four and five afternoon,

The LANDS of WESTER RYND, lying in

the pariſh of Rynd and county of Perth, the proven rent whereof, after all deductions, is 165l. 6s. and the upſet price is appointed to be 4132 l. 10 s. Sterling, being 25 years purchaſe of ſaid rent. They conſiſt of about 200 acres Scots meaſure, and give a freehold qualification.

This eſtate is ſituate upon the river Earn, about one mile above its junction with the Tay, and as much below the bridge of Earn, and is diſtant about three computed miles from the town of Perth, to which there is eaſy communication by good roads, or by the river, which is navigable by veſſels of conſiderable burden for ſome miles above theſe Lands.

The greateſt part of the eſtate is ſurrounded by the river Earn, which forms a peninſula, containing about 100 acres, upon the neck whereof is ſituated a neat and commodious Manſion-houſe adjoining, whereto are office-houſes, dove-cot, garden, and two large orchyards, well ſtored with fruit trees of various kinds, and of the beſt qualities.—The houſe and orchyards are well ſheltered with barren planting, which, with the timber upon the banks of the river, conſiſting chiefly of oaks, aſh, and remarkably fine Laburnums, are very valuable.

Within the bounds of the eſtate are four Salmon-fiſhings, preſently very low rented. The grounds are alſo low ſet, paying at preſent only about 16 ſhillings per acre; whereas the Lands in the neighbourhood, though of no better quality, give from 35 to 40 ſhillings per acre.

The purchaſer may have immediate acceſs to the manſion-houſe, &c. and about 30 acres of the land; and a conſiderable part of the price may remain in his hands.

For further particulars, enquire of John Young, junior, writer in Edinburgh.

Judicial Sale—by Adjournment.

TO be SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 3d day of February 1785, betwixt the hours of 4 and 6 afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

THE REMAINING SUBJECTS

Which pertained to the deceaſed WILLIAM HAY of Crawfurdſton writer to the ſignet, and afterwards to James Hay of Crawfurdſton, his ſon, viz.

LOT I.

The Lands and Eſtate of CRAWFURDSTON, including Kidſton and Brattleſton, Cleughſide and Largmore, with the Mill thereof, teinds and pertinents, lying in the pariſh of Glencairn and ſhire of Dumfries. As alſo, the Lands of Littleſtewarton and teinds thereof, lying in the ſame pariſh and ſhire.

The yearly rent of the eſtate of Crawfurdſton, free of all deductions, is proved to be 204 l. 18 s. 3 d. 7-12ths: which the Lords have valued at 22 years purchaſe, or - - L. 4508 2 6 10-12ths.

The rent of the lands of Littleſtewarton after deducting miniſters ſtipend and ſchoolmaſters ſalary, is proved to be 20l 11 s. which the Lords have valued at 22 years purchaſe, or - L. 452 2 0

Upſet price of Lot 1ſt. - L. 4960 4 6 10-10ths

Theſe lands are pleaſantly ſituated on the water of Cairn, within 14 miles of Dumfries, and 7 of Cloſeburn limekilns; they contain upwards of 1600 acres of good ſoil, all incloſed; and there are valuable woods and thriving plantations on different parts of the eſtate. Both the eſtate of Crawfurdſton and Lands of Little-Stewarton are held of his Grace the Duke of Queenſberry; the former for payment of 2 l. 10 d. Sterling, the latter for payment of an eluſory duty. The teinds of the former, to which there is a complete right, are valued. The valued rent of both ſubjects together is 954 merks.—On the eſtate of Crawfurdſton is a manſion-houſe adjoining the Tower, which might be repaired at a ſmall expence; and the leaſes of all the farms expire at Whitſunday 1786.

LOT II.

The SUPERIORITY of an Acre of Land, part of the lands called Newington or Cherryhall, and Feu-duties thereof, lying near the Grange toll, in the pariſh of St Cuthbert's, and ſhire of Edinburgh.—This Acre is feudout, one half to James Howieſon, and the other to John Breckenrigg, for the yearly payment of 5 l. Sterling each; and deducting a proportion of the feu-duty of 5 l. payable to Mr Crichton, Mr Hay's ſuperior, the free ſubfeu duties will amount to 8l. 8s. 3d. which being valued at 19 years purchaſe, the upſet price is 159l. 16 s. 9 d.

But, if more agreeable to offerers, this laſt-mentioned ſubject may be ſet up in two different lots, thus:

Lot I. To conſiſt of James Howieſon's feu, upſet price L. 79 18 4½
—— II. John Breckenrigg's ditto, ditto, 79 18 4½

Together, L. 159 16 9

LOT III.

A HOUSE or LODGING, GARRET, and CELLAR, in the Meal-market of Edinburgh, preſently poſſeſſed by Mr Alexander Macdonald clerk to the ſignet.——The proven free rent of this houſe is 18 l. Sterl. which being valued at ten years purchaſe, the upſet price will be 180 l.

The articles of roup, and title-deeds, may be ſeen by applying to Keith Dunbar, depute-clerk of ſeſſion, or James Thomſon writer to the ſignet; and plans of the eſtate, and copies of the articles, are alſo lodged with Thomas Goldie writer in Dumfries.

FARM NEAR INVERNESS.

TO be LET on leaſe, for ſuch number of years as may be agreeable to the tenant, and entered upon at the term of Whitſunday next,

The LANDS of KINMYLIES, in the pariſh and county of Inverneſs, conſiſting of 502 acres of arable land, and ſeveral hundred acres of well-grown planting. One half of the arable land is incloſed and ſubdivided, and the proprietor will incloſe and ſubdivide the other half, or make a proper allowance to the tackſman for doing it.

Theſe lands have a fine ſouthern expoſure, and come cloſe to the weſt ſuburb of the town of Inverneſs. The whole of them lie within a mile of the town, which makes the carriage of dung and other manure very eaſy to the tackſman; and as the planting is well grown, and forms a ring round the farm, it not only affords conſiderable ſhelter, but will enable the tackſman to winter a number of cattle.—— There is a convenient farm houſe, and offices anſwerable.

Propoſals for a leaſe may be given in to Major Fraſer of Balladrum, or to Alexander Baillie, Eſq; of Dochfour, near Inverneſs; to Lachlan Duff writer to the ſignet in Edinburgh; or to Mr Robert Webſter at Foulis, near Dundee; and every offer will be kept ſecret that is not accepted of.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS

IN THE STEWARTRY OF KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

TO be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Court of Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 15th December 1784, between the hours of four and ſeven afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate which belonged to Patrick Brown of Barharrow, in the lots following.

LOT I. The Lands of BARHARROW and DRUMMORE, and Lands of GATEGILL and QUARTER, lying in the pariſh of Borgue, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The proven rental of the Lands of Barharrow and Drummore, after all deductions, is L. 116 17 3 10-12ths

And the proven value of theſe Lands, being 22 years purchaſe of the free rental, is - - L. 2571 4 8 4-12ths

The proven rental Gategill and Quarter, after all deductions, is 114 13 6 9-12ths

And the proven value of theſe Lands, being 23 years purchaſe of the free rental, is - - 2637 11 11 3-12ths

Total free rental, and upſet price of Lot I. L. 231 11 0 7-12ths L. 5208 16 7 7-12ths

LOT II. The Lands of AUCHINGASSEL and KINGCROFT, lying in the pariſh of Twynholm, and ſtewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The proven rental of theſe Lands, after all deductions, is L. 27 7 5 8-12ths

And the upſet price, being 23 years purchaſe, is L. 629 11 10 4-12ths

The Lands of Barharrow hold blench of a ſubject-ſuperior. The teinds of theſe Lands are valued, and are nearly exhauſted by the ſtipend payable to the miniſter, and as the remaining teinds belong to the Crown, a tack thereof may be obtained for a ſmall compoſition. The whole valued teind is deduced in fixing the rental.

The lands of Gategill and Quarter hold blench of the Crown, and appear to afford two freehold qualifications upon the old extent. The manſion-houſe and garden are upon this part of the eſtate; and they, with part of a farm, are poſſeſſed by Mr Brown's family at a very low rent; and one of the farms upon this part of the eſtate, is poſſeſſed upon a tack for three nineteen years from Whitſunday 1766. The rent for the firſt nineteen years is 15 l.; for the ſecond nineteen years 30 l.; and for the third nineteen years 40 l. And in aſcertaining the value, the rent is only ſtated at 25 l. ſo that there will be a very conſiderable riſe upon this part of the eſtate. The teinds of theſe lands are in the ſame ſituation with the teinds of the lands of Barharrow.

The lands of Auchingaſſel and Kingcroft hold feu of the Crown, for payment of 3 s. 7 d. 4-12ths. The proprietor has right to the teinds, and is warranted againſt all future augmentations.

Theſe lands lie in view of and within a few miles of the ſea, and within a few miles of the town of Kirkcudbright, upon the great military road, leading from Carliſle by Dumfries to Portpatrick. There is an excellent manſion-houſe upon the lands of Gategill, and a good deal of wood, upon which no value is put. The eſtate in general is capable of great improvement, and is well ſituated for that purpoſe.

LOT III. An HERITABLE DEBT affecting certain ſubjects in the town of Dalkeith, belonging to Robert Welſh in Barn of Spots, conſtituted by bond and diſpoſition, in ſecury and inſeſtment thereon. The principal ſum is, L. 134 0 0

Intereſt from Candlemas 1774, to Lammas 1784, 70 7 0

Upſet price of Lot II. L. 204 7 0

The articles of roup, &c. are to be ſeen in the office of Mr Alexander Stevenſon, one of the Depute Clerks of Seſſion; and perſons deſirous of further information may apply to John Tait, jun. writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, agent in the ſale, or John Clark, jun. writer in Dumfries, factor upon the eſtate.

SALE OF THE LANDS OF LEITH-HALL.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the houſe of George Smith vintner in Aberdeen, upon the 21ſt day of December next, at five afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS

Belonging to Lieutenant Colonel Leith of Leith-hall, which will be expoſed in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. Comprehending the whole Lands and Eſtate belonging to Leith-hall, lying within the pariſhes of Kinethmont, Leſlie, Premnay and Keig, being of yearly free rent 817 l. 6 s. 3 d. Sterling, and 517 bolls and one firlot of meal, at eight ſtone weight the boll, over and above the ceſs and ſchoolmaſter's ſalary, paid alſo by the tenants without allowance; in which lot there will be alſo comprehended the patronage of the kirks of Kinethmont, Leſlie, and Premnay. This eſtate lies all contiguous, and is very extenſive and improveable, having in many places a great command of water, and a great part of it lying within four miles of Huntly, where lime can be had at a reaſonable rate.

The mains of Leith-hall is very extenſive, and is all incloſed with ſtone dykes, and upon which there is alſo a conſiderable value of planting fit for ſale, beſides a great extent of thriving young wood, and the kirks, manſes and ſchool-houſes are all at preſent in good repair.

LOT II. Comprehending the Lands of INCH and NETHER BODDOM, lying within the pariſh of Inch, being of yearly free rent 168 l. 4 s. 5 d. Sterling of money, and 60 bolls, three firlots and three pecks of meal, at eight ſtone the boll, over and above the ceſs and ſchoolmaſter's ſalary.

This lot is alſo extenſive for the rent, and is capable of conſiderable improvement. There is a large thriving village with a good weekly market at Inch; and the fields around it are remarkably rich and beautiful.

LOT III. Comprehending the Lands of BLACKHALL, lying within the pariſh of Inverury, being of yearly free rent 52 l. 6 s. 7 d. ſterling, over and above ceſs and ſchoolmaſter's ſalary.

LOT IV. Comprehending a croft of land called CROFTHEAD, which is at ſome diſtance from the lands of Blackhall, but lying alſo within the pariſh of Inverury, and holding burgage of the town, and being of yearly free rent 3 l. 16 s. 8 d. Sterling.

The rentals of the eſtate, and the conditions of ſale are to be ſeen in the hands of Mr Moir of Scotſtown, and Dr Thom, Colonel Leith's truſtees at Aberdeen, and Mr Andrew Stuart junior, Edinburgh, all of whom have powers to conclude a private bargain for any of the above ſubjects. Copies of the rentals may be alſo ſeen in the hands of Alexander Stuart at Leſlie-houſe, who will alſo ſhew the lands, and inform as to any further particulars.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS

IN THE STEWARTRY OF KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

TO be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Court of Seſſion, within the Parliament or new Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 1ſt of December 1784, between the hours of four and ſeven afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate which belonged to the deceaſed Colonel Patrick Gordon of Kingſgrange, either together or in the lots following.

LOT I. The lands of NETHER KILQUHANNIDY, and lands of MARLEMOUNT and HOLEHOUSE, lying in the pariſh of Kirkpatrick-Durham, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The proven rental of the lands of Nether Kilquhannidy, after all deductions, is L. 129 5 4 2-12ths

And the proven value of theſe lands, being 23 years purchaſe of the free rental, is L. 2973 2 11 10-12ths

The proven rental of the lands of Marlemount and Holehouſe, after all deductions, is 45 2 2 8-12ths

And the proven value of theſe lands, being 22 years purchaſe of the free rental, is - 992 8 10 8-12ths

Total free rental, and upſet price of Lot I. L. 174 7 6 10-12ths L. 3965 11 10 6-12ths

The lands of Nether Kilquhannidy hold blench of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification upon the old extent. The lands of Marlemount and Holehouſe hold few of a ſubject ſuperior, for payment of a feu-duty of 4s. 2d. Sterling, and the proprietor has right to the teinds of both parcels.

LOT II. The lands of GRANGE and WARDMEADOW, lying in the pariſh of Urr, and ſtewarty of Kirkcudbright.

The proven rental of theſe lands, after all deductions, is L. 177 16 5 10-12ths

And the proven value, being 23 years purchaſe of the free rental, is - L. 4089 19 2 2-12ths

Which is the upſet price of Lot II.

N. B. If offerers incline, the Wardmeadow part of this lot will be expoſed by itſelf.

The lands of Grange and Wardmeadow hold feu of the Crown for payment of 2 l. 9 s. 1 d. 2-12ths, and being valued in the ceſs-books at 400 l. afford a freehold qualification. The proprietor has right to the teinds of theſe lands alſo.

This eſtate conſiſts moſtly of a dry kindly ſoil, and though a good deal has been done in the way of incloſing, planting, &c. it is ſtill capable of great improvement. There is a manſion-houſe upon lot 2d, which is pleaſantly ſituated near the river Urr, within a mile of the great military road leading from Carlyle by Dumfries to Portpatrick; within twelve miles from Dumfries, and about the ſame diſtance from Kirkcudbright, and within five miles or thereby of the port called Dub of Haſs, which is a convenient harbour for veſſels of conſiderable burthen, at which grain may be conveniently ſhipped, and lime imported from the Engliſh coaſt at a very moderate expence, there being an excellent road between the eſtate of Kingſgrange and the Dub of Haſs.

The articles of roup, &c. are to be ſeen in the office of Mr Alexander Stevenſon, one of the depute clerks of Seſſion, and perſons deſirous of further information, may apply to John Tait, junior, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, agent in the ſale, or John Clarke, junior, writer in Dumfries, factor upon the eſtate.

JUDICIAL SALE.

THERE is to be expoſed to ſale, by public roup, by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, upon the 17th day of January next, betwixt the hours of four and eight in the afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS

Belonging to Richard Cameron of Carntyne, viz.

The Lands of Netherfield or Brandrumhill, the Lands of Lightburn, the Lands of Raichezie, the Thirty-three Shilling Four Penny Land of Old Extent in Over Carntyne, and Two Sixteen Shilling and Eight Penny Land there, with the ſeat in the barony-kirk effering thereto. The Lands of Weſter Queenſlie, purchaſed from Agnes Ronald, the parts of the croft lands of Rachezie, purchaſed from Joſeph Mackey, and theſe parts of the lands of Weſter Queenſlie purchaſed from John Muir. The free rent of all which, after deducting teind and feu-duties is, - - L. 271 3 2 4-12ths

The proven value of which, at twenty-four years purchaſe, is, - L. 6507 16 8

Item, Certain Cott-houſes on the ſaid lands of Over Carntyne, yielding a yearly rent of 14 l. 2 s. 8 d. valued at ſix years purchaſe, being - - 84 16 0

To feu-duties payable to the common debtor by John Simpſon and James Barry, for lands and houſes feued out to them ſeveral, amounting yearly to 13 l. 18 s. 4 d. Sterling, valued at twenty years purchaſe, is, 278 6 8

Amount of theſe proven values, L. 6870 19 4

The tack of the coal in the lands of Haghill, ſubſet by the common debtor to Andrew Gray for twenty years, from 1ſt January 1778, for which, and the machinery thereon he pays to the common debtor a yearly rent of 60 l. together with the ſaid machinery valued at L. 540 0 0

The coal in the lands of Weſter Queenſlie, as ſet to the ſaid Andrew Gray for thirty years, from the ſaid 1ſt of January 1778, for which he pays of yearly rent, 7 l. ſure, valued at - L. 42 0 0

The coal and coal-works in the lands of Rachezie, poſſeſſed by John Livingſtone, and that part lately poſſeſſed by Agnes Michie per tack for thirty-eight years after Whitſunday 1765, yielding a medium yearly rent for eight years back of 13 l. 16 s. 3 d. valued at L. 165 15 0

L. 647 15 0

Item, A Decreet of Adjudication at the inſtance of John Cameron, father to Richard Cameron, the common debtor, againſt the York-Buildings Company, dated 30th July 1734, adjudging the ſaid Company's eſtates in Scotland for payment of the accumulate ſum of 647 l. Sterling, and intereſt from that date, which is all due, extending at Lammas 1784, to - L. 2264 10 0

Theſe ſubjects lie in the Barony pariſh of Glaſgow, and ſhire of Lanark, and

The above lands of Over Carntyne hold feu of the Crown, for payment of a feu-duty, as ſtruck in this ſale, of 10 l. 18 s. 3-12ths Sterling; and the other lands are held of ſubject ſuperiors. The teinds of the whole lands belong to the College of Glaſgow, as Biſhops teinds and are let in tack to the town of Glaſgow, who draw a teind tack, duty out of the teinds of the whole foreſaid lands of 10 l. 17 s. 2 d. annually. There is a good manſion-houſe, office-houſes, and garden, upon the lands of Carntyne; and no value is put upon the coal in the lands of Carntyne and Lightburn, as poſſeſſed by James M'Nair; and the other coal-works to be ſold have been long wrought to great advantage, as lying in the near neighbourhood of Glaſgow. The ſubjects will be expoſed jointly or ſeparately, in the lots above mentioned, as purchaſers ſhall incline.

The title-deeds, with the articles of roup, are to be ſeen in the hands of Mr John Callander, depute-clerk of Seſſion; and copies of the articles of roup, and a plan of the lands, will be ſeen in the hands of Robert Trotter writer to the ſignet, and Thomas Buchanan writer in Glaſgow, factor on the eſtate, from whom further particulars may be got on application.

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